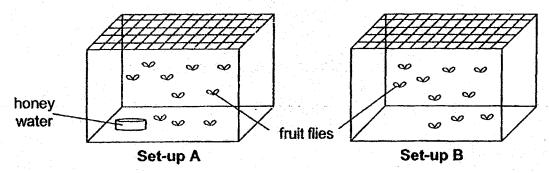


HENRY PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL 2018 TERM REVIEW SCIENCE PRIMARY 3

Dura		25		
Name	e:()			
Class	s: Primary 3	Parent's Signature:		
Secti	ion A: Multiple-Choice Questions (16 marks)			
	ach question from 1 to 8, four options are given your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Write the correct ans			
1.	June saw a mimosa plant and touched the mi The leaves closed immediately.	mosa leaves with her finger.		
	Open mimosa leaves	Closed mimosa leaves		
	What could be the most likely reason?			
	 Living things grow. Living things reproduce. Living things can respond to changes. Living things need air, food and water. 	()	

2. Megan conducted the experiment as shown in the diagram below.



She observed the number of fruit flies and recorded the number of fruit flies once every 2 days in the table below.

Day	Set-up A	Set-up B		
0	10	10		
2	9	8		
4	7	5		
6	5	3		
8	4	0		

Based on the results above, which of the following statements is/are correct?

- (A) Living things will die.
- (B) Living things will reproduce.
- (C) Living things need food to survive.
- (1) A and B only
- (2) A and C only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) A, B and C

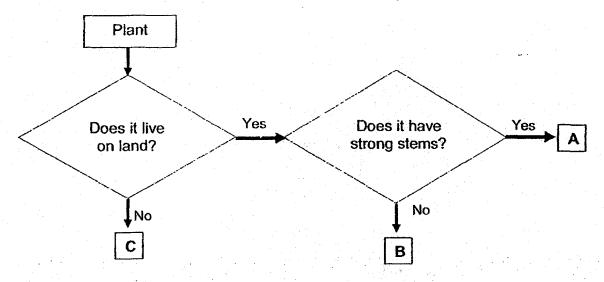
3. The diagram below shows a plant growing in the garden.



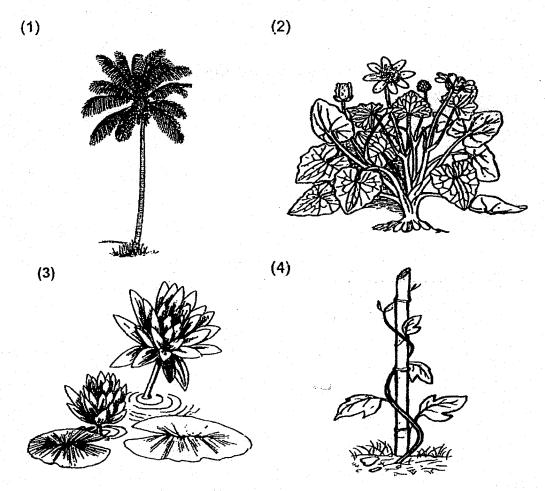
Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct observations of the plant?

- (A) The plant lives in water.
- (B) The plant reproduces by spores.
- (C) The plant has reached adult stage.
- (1) A only
- (2) Conly
- (3) A and C only
- (4) A and B only

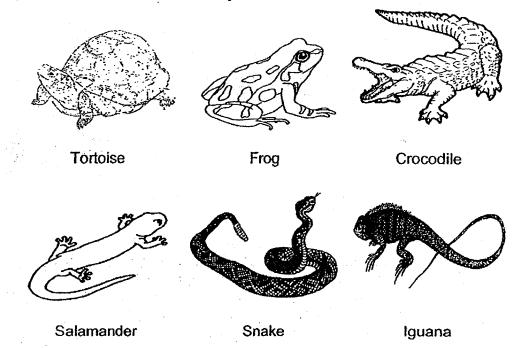
4. The flow chart below shows the characteristics of plants A, B and C.



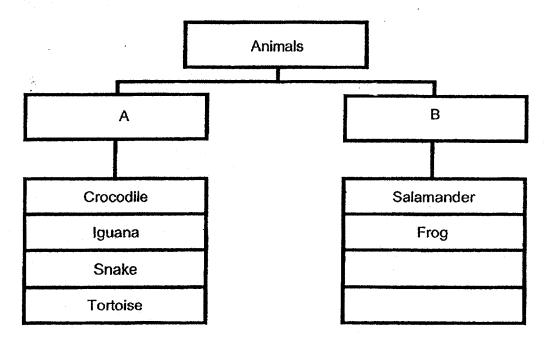
Which one of the following is Plant B most likely to be?



5. Observe the six animals below carefully.



The six animals are classified in the chart below.



Which of the followings are suitable headings for Groups A and B in the classification chart above?

	Α	В
(1)	Have wings	Have no wings
(2)	Have dry skin with scales	Have moist skin
(3)	Reproduce by laying eggs	Reproduce by giving birth
(4)	Have feathers as outer	Have scales as outer covering
	covering	

)

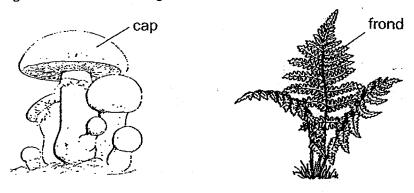
Observe the animals shown below.



In which way are the animals similar to each other?

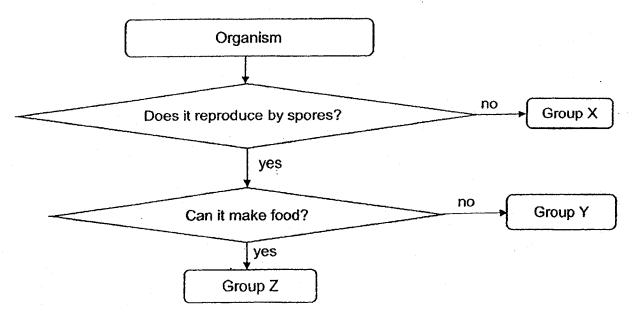
- They have wings.
- (1) (2)
- (3)
- They have six legs.
 They reproduce by laying eggs.
 They have feathers as outer coverings. (4)

7. The diagram below shows organism A and B.



Organism A	Organism B		
 Produces powdery substance found under the cap that grows into a new organism A. 	 Produces powdery substance under the frond that grows into a new organism B. 		
Brown in colour	Green in colour		
 Grows on fallen tree and obtain food from dead matter. 	Grows on living trees and can make its own food		

Study the flow chart below.

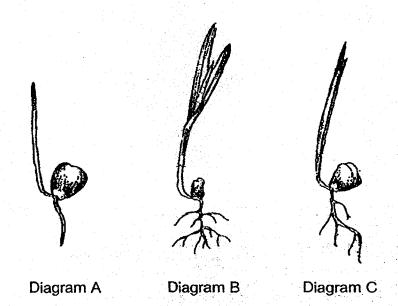


Based on the information given, which of the following puts organism A and B into the correct group?

	Organism A	Organism B		
(1)	Group X	Group Y		
(2)	Group Y	Group Z		
(3)	Group Z	Group Y		
(4)	Group X	Group Z		

(

8. The diagrams below show the different stages of germination.



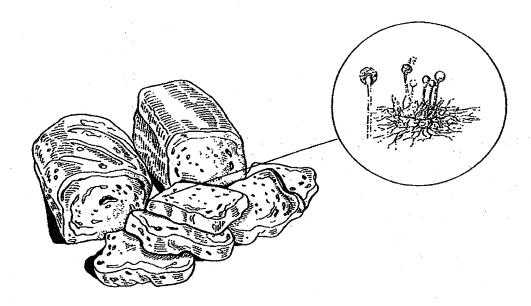
Which of the following shows the correct order how the seed germinate and grow into a young plant?

- (1) $A \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow B$
- $(2) \quad C \longrightarrow \quad B \longrightarrow \quad A$
- (3) $C \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow B$
- $(4) \quad B \longrightarrow \quad C \longrightarrow \quad A$

Section B: Short-answer questions (4 marks)

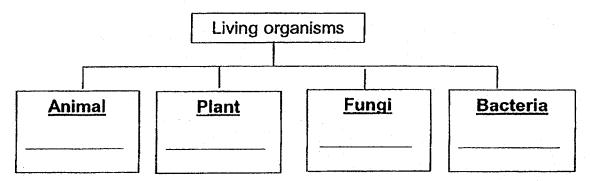
For each question, write your answers in the spaces given.

9. Some loaves of bread were left on the dining table. After ten days, dark patches of mould started to appear on the bread as shown in the diagram below.



a) The classification chart below shows 4 groups of organisms.
 Write 'bread mould' in the correct box of the classification chart below.

[1]



b) We need to use a to look at bacteria. [1]

10. Circle TRUE or FALSE for each of the following statements.

(a) Insects have 2 pairs of legs and 2 body parts	TRUE	FALSE
(b) One of the common characteristics of a mammal is it feeds its young with milk.	TRUE	FALSE
(c) Penguin is a bird because it can swim.	TRUE	FALSE
(d) A frog is an amphibian as it has moist skin.	TRUE	FALSE

Section C: Open-ended questions (5 marks)

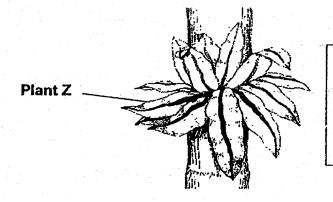
or each guestion from 11 to 12, write your answers in the spaces given.

11. The classification table below shows characteristics of 3 groups of plants, A, B and C.

Plants	Lives in water	Reproduce by seeds	Have weak stem		
Α		J			
В		J			
С					

A tick () indicates the characteristics of the plant.

Jane saw plant Z on her school fieldtrip. She did a drawing of the plant and made an observation in her Science journal as shown below.



Observation

There were brown powdery spots on the underside of the leaves of the plant.

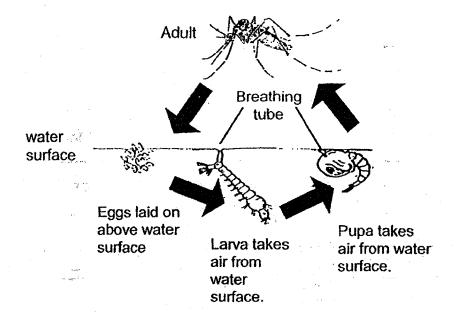
(a) In which group, A, B, or C, should Jane place plant Z?

[1]

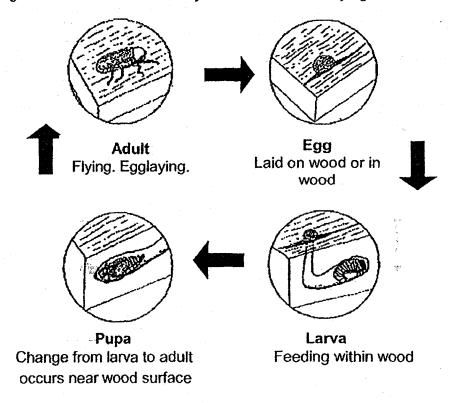
(b) State how the brown powdery spots that Jane observed help plant Z to survive.

[1]

12. The diagram below shows the life cycle of a mosquito



The diagram below shows the life cycle of a wood destroying beetle.



Answer the following questions on the next page.

(a)	State one difference between the egg, larva and pupa stages of the mosquito and beetle .	[1]
(b)	When oil is poured into a beaker of water, it does not mix with water but form another layer above water, blocking air going into the water.	
	oil water	
	Another way of controlling the population of mosquito is to spread a layer of oil on the surface of stagnant water to kill the larva and pupa that live in the water.	[2]
	Do you agree? Explain why.	

END OF PAPER

Term Review 2018 Correction Sheet

NAME:					·····	()	<u>.</u>	
CLASS: P	RI 3							*	
MCQ (A2								
(1) 3	(3)	2	(5)	2	(7)	2			
(2) 2	(4)	4	(6)	1	(8)	1		,	

Qn.	Answers	Corrections		
9(a)	FUNGI			
	Bread mould			
(b)	Microscope			
10	False			
	True			
	False			
	True			
11(a)	Group C		······································	
, i(a)	Croup C			
(b)	The brown powdery spots			
(0)	are spore bags that store			
	spores which help the			
	plant to reproduce or grow			
	into a new plant.			
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·		
. 1				
10 ()				
12 (a)	Eggs, larva and pupa of			
	the mosquito live in water			
	but the eggs, larva and			
	pupa of the beetle live in			
	the wood/land.			

(b)	Yes. Larva breathe	
	through breathing tube. Oil	
	will block the breathing	
	tubes of the larva and pupa, so they cannot take	
	in take air and will die.	